Longitudinal study of pathologic myopia in highly myopic adults

Faculty:
Prof SAW Seang Mei
Email: ephssm@nus.edu.sg

Project Description:
Singapore has one of the highest recorded prevalence of myopia and myopia is a huge public health problem in Singapore and worldwide. Adults with high myopia may have pathologic myopia (PM) complications. PM is a leading cause of visual impairment in Asia and there are gaps in our knowledge of the clinical course and predictors of PM in myopic adults. The aims are to determine the 10-year changes in PM, effects on visual function and health-related quality of life, and to assess novel imaging biomarkers in adults within the SEED and SCORM high myopia cohorts.